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IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
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                       FOR THE DISTRICT OF OREGON
    UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,
 3
                                         Case No. 3:16-CR-0051-BR
 4
             Plaintiff,
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                                       ) May 4, 2016
    V.
 6
    AMMON BUNDY (1),
     JON RITZHEIMER (2),
 7
    JOSEPH O'SHAUGHNESSY (3),
    RYAN PAYNE (4),
 8
    RYAN BUNDY (5),
    BRIAN CAVALIER (6),
 9
    SHAWNA COX (7),
    PETER SANTILLI (8),
10
    JASON PATRICK (9),
     DUANE LEO EHMER (10),
11
    DYLAN ANDERSON (11),
    SEAN ANDERSON (12),
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    DAVID LEE FRY (13),
     JEFF WAYNE BANTA (14),
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    SANDRA LYNN ANDERSON (15),
    KENNETH MEDENBACH (16),
14
    BLAINE COOPER (17),
    WESLEY KJAR (18),
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    COREY LEQUIEU (19),
    NEIL WAMPLER (20),
16
    JASON CHARLES BLOMGREN (21),
    DARRYL WILLIAM THORN (22),
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    GEOFFREY STANEK (23),
    TRAVIS COX (24),
    ERIC LEE FLORES (25),
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     JAKE RYAN (26),
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               Defendants.
20
                                          Portland, Oregon
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                       TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS
22
                             (Oral Argument)
23
          BEFORE THE HONORABLE ANNA J. BROWN, DISTRICT JUDGE
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(Wednesday, May 4, 2016; 9:30 a.m.)

PROCEEDINGS

THE COURT: Good morning, everyone. Please be seated.

Good morning, your Honor.

THE COURT: Before we begin, I want to remind everyone that we have important work to do today, and it's among my duties to ensure that we have an accurate record of the proceedings.

It's very difficult for the court reporter to take a record if more than one of us is speaking at a time. So here are the rules for today and every day that we're in session.

Only one person can be speaking at a time. If counsel or Mr. Bundy, you representing yourself, or Mr. Medenbach, you representing yourself, if you're interacting with me, I'll do my best not to speak on top of you. And I expect counsel will help and do the same with me. We need a very clear record.

Everyone else in the room, those of you observing in the back, those of you who are represented by counsel, must remain quiet. Must remain quiet. If you don't, you'll have to leave the room, whether you're a defendant or an observer.

Things just need to be quiet in order that we can conduct the

proceedings.

I'll recognize people, so you know when to speak.

And, as I say, I'll do my very best not to talk on top of you,

if you hopefully will do the same with me.

Because cell phones that are powered on interfere with our sound system, Counsel, please check now to be sure any cell phone you brought in the room is turned off.

Counsel for the --

MR. COAN: Pardon me, your Honor.

Mr. Santilli is down in Nevada. I think the only way I may be able to communicate with him or his attorney there is by text messaging, so I would ask the leave of the Court to allow my phone to remain on.

THE COURT: Let me think about that.

Let me finish what I was doing.

For those of you who represent people who are out of custody, if by chance your client has brought a cell phone into the room, please take it and ensure, Counsel, personally that the phone is off and keep it during the course of the proceedings, and then we'll continue.

Counsel who have laptops on, please ensure that you are not accessing the Internet in a way that your clients are accessing the Internet during this court proceeding. It's not permitted.

Finally, I believe we have Ms. Cox, again, by

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telephone connection. I want to remind her not to make any 1 2 audio recording of the proceedings. 3 Mr. Coan, you were able to confirm that Mr. Santilli is observing? 4 5 MR. COAN: No, I was not. 6 THE COURT: Not yet? MR. COAN: I have not been able to confirm that. 7 8 MR. NEWBY: (Nods head.) 9 MR. RASMUSSEN: Your Honor, can you hear us? 10 THE COURT: Who is speaking, please? 11 MR. RASMUSSEN: This is Chris Rasmussen. I'm an 12 attorney in Nevada. I'm sitting next to Peter Santilli, in a 13 courtroom in Las Vegas. 14 THE COURT: Excellent. Can you hear me? MR. RASMUSSEN: I can very well, Judge. Thank you. 15 16 THE COURT: Thank you, Mr. Rasmussen. 17 And good morning, Mr. Santilli. 18 DEFENDANT SANTILLI: Good morning, your Honor. 19 THE COURT: With respect to microphones, when you're 20 not speaking, Counsel, please ensure they're off. Because when 21 you're whispering and conferring with your client, if the 22 microphone is on, it carries over and it disturbs the 23 proceedings. When you speak, please turn it on, so that we can 24 go forward. 25 Now, with that, I'm going to ask Mr. Knight to call

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the case. And after that, I'm going to take a matter out of order because I want to address -- while I have the presence of Captain Derrick Peterson, from the Multnomah County jail here, I want to address the issues about access and confinement concerns that were raised so that we can get a dialogue concluded and get those issues resolved. Mr. Knight. MR. KNIGHT: Thank you, your Honor. Good morning, your Honor. We're present today in the matter of the United States versus Ammon Bundy, et al. This is Case No. 16-CR-00051. Ethan Knight and Geoff Barrow appearing today on behalf of the United States. Appearing today in the courtroom, in order, are as follows, your Honor. Defendant Ammon Bundy is present with counsel Lissa Casey and Mike Arnold. Defendant Jon Ritzheimer is present in the courtroom. Standing by on his behalf today is counsel Amy Baggio. Defendant Joseph O'Shaughnessy is present in the courtroom with counsel of record Amy Baggio. THE COURT: Welcome back, sir. MR. KNIGHT: Defendant Ryan Payne is present in the courtroom with counsel Rich Federico.

THE COURT: Good morning. 1 2 MR. FEDERICO: (Nods head.) 3 MR. KNIGHT: Defendant Ryan Bundy is appearing on his own behalf today with standby counsel Lisa Ludwig. 4 5 DEFENDANT RYAN BUNDY: (Standing.) MR. KNIGHT: Defendant Brian Cavalier is present in 6 7 the courtroom with counsel Todd Bofferding. 8 THE COURT: Good morning. 9 MR. KNIGHT: Defendant Shawna Cox has waived her 10 personal appearance and is appearing by phone today. She is 11 assisted by Ms. Ludwig in today's matter. 12 THE COURT: Because her counsel is unavailable today. 13 MR. KNIGHT: That's right, your Honor. 14 MS. LUDWIG: And, your Honor, I would like to make 15 the same request that Mr. Coan made. 16 THE COURT: Could you please turn on the microphone. 17 MS. LUDWIG: Sure. I would like to make the same 18 request that Mr. Coan made with regard to being able to text 19 Ms. Cox or receive a text from her if she has a question or 20 something she needs addressed. 21 THE COURT: All right. After we complete the recitations, we'll address that issue. 22 23 MR. KNIGHT: Your Honor, Defendant Peter Santilli is 24 present by videoconference in the District of Nevada today. 25 His counsel of record, Tom Coan, is present in the

courtroom today. 1 2 MR. COAN: Morning. 3 THE COURT: And as we noted, Mr. Rasmussen, who represents Mr. Santilli in Nevada, is with him in person, in 4 5 Nevada. MR. KNIGHT: Thank you. 6 Defendant Jason Patrick is present in the courtroom 7 8 today with counsel Andrew Kohlmetz. 9 MR. KOHLMETZ: Good morning, your Honor. 10 DEFENDANT PATRICK: Good morning, your Honor. 11 THE COURT: Good morning, gentlemen. 12 MR. KNIGHT: Defendant Duane Ehmer is present in the courtroom today with counsel Dave Audet. 13 14 THE COURT: Good morning. 15 MR. KNIGHT: Defendant Dylan Anderson has waived his 16 personal appearance. Appearing on his behalf today is counsel 17 of record Sam Kauffman. 18 MR. KAUFFMAN: Good morning, your Honor. MR. KNIGHT: Defendant Sean Anderson is in the 19 20 courtroom today. Appearing on his behalf today is counsel Tyl 21 Bakker. 22 Counsel of record, Matthew McHenry, is not available 23 today. 24 THE COURT: He's next door or upstairs, I understand, 25 in trial.

MR. BAKKER: Correct, your Honor. 1 2 THE COURT: All right. Good morning, sir. 3 MR. KNIGHT: Defendant David Fry is present in the courtroom today with counsel of record Per Olson. 4 5 MR. OLSON: Good morning, your Honor. THE COURT: Good morning, gentlemen. 6 7 MR. KNIGHT: Defendant Jeff Banta has waived his 8 personal appearance today. His counsel of record, Robert 9 Salisbury, is present in the courtroom. 10 MR. SALISBURY: Good morning, your Honor. 11 MR. KNIGHT: Defendant Sandra Anderson has waived her 12 personal appearance today. Counsel of record, Tyl Bakker, is 13 present in the courtroom. 14 Defendant Kenneth Medenbach is present in the 15 courtroom, representing himself with standby counsel Matthew Schindler. 16 17 THE COURT: Good morning, gentlemen. 18 MR. KNIGHT: Defendant Blaine Cooper is present in 19 the courtroom today with counsel of record Krista Shipsey. 20 THE COURT: Good morning. 21 MS. SHIPSEY: (Nods head.) 22 MR. KNIGHT: Defendant Wesley Kjar has waived his 23 personal appearance today, your Honor. Counsel of record James 24 Halley is present in the courtroom. 25 MR. HALLEY: Good morning, your Honor.

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THE COURT: Good morning.
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               MR. KNIGHT: Defendant Corey Lequieu is present in
 3
     the courtroom today.
               DEFENDANT LEQUIEU: (Standing.)
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               MR. KNIGHT: Appearing on his behalf today is counsel
    Paul Hood. Counsel of record Ramon Pagan is not available
 6
 7
    today.
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               THE COURT: All right. So, Mr. Lequieu, you see
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    Mr. Hood there.
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               DEFENDANT LEQUIEU: Yeah.
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               THE COURT: If there's an issue, just let us know if
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    you need to speak with him. All right?
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               DEFENDANT LEQUIEU: (Nods head.)
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               MR. HOOD: Thank you.
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               THE COURT: Thank you, Counsel.
               MR. KNIGHT: Defendant Neil Wampler has waived his
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17
     appearance at today's hearing. Counsel of record Lisa Maxfield
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     is present in the courtroom.
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               THE COURT: Counsel.
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               MR. KNIGHT: Defendant Jason Blomgren has waived his
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     personal appearance today.
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               Counsel of record Robert Rainwater is present in the
23
     courtroom.
24
               THE COURT:
                           Good morning.
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               MR. RAINWATER: Good morning.
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MR. KNIGHT: Defendant Darryl Thorn has waived his 1 personal appearance today, your Honor. Counsel of record 2 3 Laurie Shertz is present in the courtroom. MS. SHERTZ: Good morning, your Honor. My client has 4 5 asked that I make clear he's only waived appearance for today. He would like to be present at future status conferences. 6 7 THE COURT: Yes. Well, one assumes that. These 8 waivers are appearance specific, as I hoped I made clear 9 earlier. 10 MS. SHERTZ: And I did, but the request was made. 11 Thank you, Judge. 12 THE COURT: And it's noted. Thank you, Ms. Shertz. 13 MR. KNIGHT: Defendant Geoffrey Stanek is present in 14 the courtroom today. 15 MR. ANDERSEN: He's actually waived his appearance. 16 MR. KNIGHT: Okay. Pardon me. He has waived his 17 appearance at today's hearing. Counsel of record Benjamin 18 Andersen is present on Mr. Stanek's behalf. 19 THE COURT: Good morning. 20 MR. KNIGHT: Defendant Travis Cox is present today 21 with counsel of record Paul Hood. 22 MR. HOOD: Good morning, your Honor. 23 THE COURT: Good morning. 24 MR. KNIGHT: Defendant Eric Flores has waived his 25 personal appearance today. Mr. Warren, counsel of record, is

not present. Appearing on behalf is counsel Nedu Nweze. 1 2 THE COURT: Thank you. 3 Good morning, sir. 4 MR. NWEZE: Good morning. MR. KNIGHT: Defendant Jake Ryan is present in the 5 courtroom today with counsel of record Jesse Merrithew. 6 7 MR. MERRITHEW: Good morning. 8 THE COURT: Gentlemen. 9 MR. KNIGHT: Thank you, your Honor. 10 THE COURT: All right. Is there any concern, 11 Mr. Knight, from the Government's perspective, with Ms. Ludwig 12 and Mr. Coan texting for the purposes they indicated? 13 I don't see that it would interfere with the audio 14 issues I was concerned about. MR. KNIGHT: No concern from the Government. 15 16 THE COURT: Counsel, do what you need to do, then. 17 MR. COAN: Thank you. 18 THE COURT: All right. As I noted, I wanted to take 19 out of the order, identified on the joint status report No. 20 488, a subject about which I sought input from the Multnomah County corrections folks. And, in particular, we have a 21 22 witness in the courtroom, Captain Derrick Peterson. 23 Item 10 on the agenda, docket -- not agenda, the 24 status report No. 488 is titled, Effective Pretrial Detention. 25 And it was subtitled, "Custodial status of the defendants and

the effect of transporting them between judicial districts."

I'll take that up, to the extent I need to, later.

Monitoring of attorney-client phone calls in Nevada.

Again, that is a matter that doesn't concern Captain Peterson.

But Item C and D: In-custody defendants' access to materials to assist in their defense and solitary confinement as an impediment to self-representation were raised.

As I understand it, Ms. Ludwig, Mr. Arnold, and Mr. Federico all wanted to make general comments about this.

Let me tell you what I've done, already. I did meet with our U.S. marshals, and impressed upon them the fact that these issues must be solved.

I asked the marshal to invite a responsible representative of the sheriff's office, and Captain Derrick Peterson is here.

And with him are Katie Burgard, who is the program administrator and is in charge of access to the law library, and then one other person.

I understood from Captain Peterson, Mr. Arnold, that there was already communication started between your office and the jail to try to resolve some issues, and that there might even be a meeting already planned for today between you and a representative of the jail. Is that --

MR. ARNOLD: That's correct, your Honor.

Captain Peterson, myself, Lisa Ludwig, and possibly

Ryan Bundy are going to meet with him at one o'clock today. 1 2 THE COURT: All right. And so to the extent these 3 issues around self-representation might also involve Mr. Medenbach's access, I don't know, Counsel, whether you're 4 free but could be available to meet with them, too. 5 6 What I'm hoping can happen is that there can be a 7 thorough dialogue through and potentially just solving the 8 issue -- issues around access, and the like. And then if 9 there's a dispute that can't be resolved to the satisfaction of 10 the parties and with respect to --11 Where did the captain go? 12 CAPTAIN PETERSON: (Hand raised.) 13 THE COURT: Oh, there he is. 14 With respect to the requirements of the jail, then 15 the matter could be brought to me on formal motion. 16 Are you able to participate, Counsel? 17 DEFENDANT MEDENBACH: I --18 MR. SCHINDLER: Do you want to speak? 19 DEFENDANT MEDENBACH: I tried to. THE COURT: Can you turn on your microphone, 20 21 Mr. Medenbach, please. 22 DEFENDANT MEDENBACH: I tried to access the law 23 library there, and then getting time out of -- right now I'm 24 locked down. For only two hours, I get to get out. And it's 25 not much time to do things I want to do. If the Court could

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negotiate a way so I could get out more often and plus get to
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     the law library.
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               THE COURT: Right. So what I'm understanding -- yes,
    Mr. Bundy.
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               DEFENDANT RYAN BUNDY: The meeting that we're talking
     about, you know, being that I am pro se, I do want to attend
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     that meeting personally, not my standby counsel. She's okay to
    be there with me, but I -- I want to be there.
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               THE COURT:
                           I understand you want to be there.
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               Captain, where is the meeting planned to be?
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               MR. PETERSON: It will be at --
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               THE COURT: Would you stand. And we need a
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    microphone, please, for him. Once we can turn it on.
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               It takes -- how many lawyers does it take to turn on
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     a microphone?
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               (Laughter.)
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               THE COURT: Captain, yes, sir.
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               MR. PETERSON: Yes, it will be at the detention
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     center.
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               If I'm able to have Ryan Bundy in the meeting, we'll
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    have to figure a place within the secure fine -- confines of
     the facility.
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               THE COURT: It would be very helpful if that could
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    happen, along with Mr. Medenbach, also.
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               It -- except -- hold on a minute. One at a time.
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1 MR. KOHLMETZ: Yeah. 2 THE COURT: Is Mr. Medenbach housed at MCDC, or not? 3 MR. SCHINDLER: Yes, he is, your Honor. I'm sorry? 4 THE COURT: 5 MR. SCHINDLER: Yes, he is, your Honor. THE COURT: So let me ask this, Captain. 6 Do your best to see if those who are expressing 7 interest can all be present, including Ryan Bundy and 8 9 Mr. Medenbach. 10 If that can't happen, then standby counsel must do 11 their job to convey back. But it would be best if you heard 12 from Ryan Bundy personally what his issues are and what his 13 needs are. The same with Mr. Medenbach with respect to his. 14 And if, as I say, an issue -- the issues cannot be resolved, then what I want is a joint report back from counsel. 15 16 Perhaps one of the prosecutors wants to attend the session, too, but it's primarily between the defendants and the 17 18 sheriff's office about this. 19 If -- if an issue remains, then I would like a joint 20 report identifying what the issues are and what the proposed solutions are and the bases for them. 21 22 Would that work, Mr. Arnold, from your perspective, 23 to advance the issue? 24 MR. ARNOLD: Yes, your Honor. Just a couple of minor 25 items. I'm okay with being in a contact room, all cramped and

uncomfortable. That's fine -- fine with me, if it's okay with the jail.

And also one thing we didn't add was I -- I have recent concerns about particularly Ammon and Ryan's rations. And since I -- since they've been back from Nevada.

THE COURT: I don't know what you mean by "rations."

MR. ARNOLD: Food. They look thin and emaciated.

Based upon -- I just want to put on the record they look different than when the left for Nevada. They look like they've lost weight. I don't know if there's a mechanism for comparing their weight. But if they could be increased rations, that would be great.

THE COURT: Why -- why don't you --

MR. ARNOLD: I'll talk about that, too.

THE COURT: Thank you, sir.

All right. Mr. Federico, you haven't spoken on the issue but your name was on it. Does this address it, from your perspective?

MR. FEDERICO: Your Honor, Mr. Payne is actually housed at the Inverness jail. So it's a separate issue.

Upon from return from Nevada -- I don't know if his classification status was changed, so that he and others at Inverness jail have now been given keep-separate orders, such that their counsel are not permitted to meet with them in contact room or noncontact room paper pass at any time when

another counsel is there meeting with their client. And since there are a number of them there, what ends up happening is you show up to meet with your client, and they just can't move them because of the keep-separate order. And I know, for example, Ms. Shipsey has — and Mr. Cooper have the same problem, where the investigator will come up and spend a couple of hours waiting and never get to see their client.

I spoke to the staff, the officer in charge at Inverness yesterday about this issue. My understanding is it's not a U.S. Marshal's issue. It is when booked in the justice center. And they were going to take a look at that classification. Because the true intent, I understand, was to keep them separate in the dorms where they live but not to deprive access to counsel. So we're going to engage with the jail on that issue.

Likewise, if the Court would allow, if it's unresolved, we can put that in a joint status report.

THE COURT: Or earlier, if there's an issue. But, yes. I want to -- I have conveyed, in the clearest terms I know, to both the United States Marshal and to the sheriff's office, the -- the need, without upsetting and without infringing and without affecting the orderly operations of the jail, the need of the parties to access their lawyers; to see information on a computer, if that's the way to do it; to have writing utensils that write.

I understand that if -- everyone is supposed to have one in the MCDC. They're flexible pens, I'm told. If they're used up, then the person is to ask for another.

I'm told that every inmate is entitled to six hours a week in the law library. But if that's not enough, there needs to be some discussion, starting this afternoon, about increasing that for -- on a particular showing.

And then I want to hear back if there's an issue that the Court should address, as opposed to trying to resolve this.

Now, I'll get to you in just a second, Mr. Kohl -- oh, Mr. Kohlmetz, you were standing on this? But -- no?

MR. KOHLMETZ: Well, Mr. Federico raised my issue. We've had the same experience.

Mr. Patrick would also like to be included in the discussions. It is his intent to file a motion with the Court to go pro se.

THE COURT: He's going to have to wait. Let me just address that point.

I did get a message, Mr. Patrick, this morning that you do wish to have what's called a **Faretta** hearing to determine whether you can proceed without -- as -- as your own lawyer.

The message also indicated that you did not want standby counsel, and you need to know that those two do not go together. Everyone who is representing himself will have

standby counsel.

If you wish me to engage in that colloquy with you and consider it, then you and Mr. Kohlmetz should file a motion, and I'll get it scheduled as soon as we can.

MR. KOHLMETZ: We're just waiting for a form to come back from the FPD, your Honor. I'll file it as soon as I get the form.

DEFENDANT PATRICK: And I don't consent to standby counsel.

THE COURT: You don't have to consent, sir. I'm just telling you what the parameters are going to be so you know in advance what to expect at the hearing. You don't have to consent.

All right. Thank you, Mr. Kohlmetz.

Now, then back to this issue involving the sheriff's captain and the others from the jail who are here. They have other work to do.

Is there anything we need to address on the record right now with them? Otherwise, I'll excuse them. I'll -- I'll wait for a report back on the subject after conferral.

MR. ARNOLD: And, your Honor, just by way of proffer, so it's on the record, I've been writing with this --

THE COURT: Slow down, please.

MR. ARNOLD: Just by way of proffer, for the record, this is the pen (indicating) that they get to use. It's a

flexible pen. And I've written three sentences. And it's uncomfortable, it bends, you cannot get a good angle on the paper. And I can understand and sympathize with them, why this is an inadequate situation. I just wanted to show the Court the pen (indicating).

THE COURT: I understand. I also understand there's a basis for the rule. So -- I'm not going to be able to change all of the jail's rules, and I'm not here to do that.

What I'm trying to do is to ensure there's opportunity for meaningful communication to try to address some of these issues, so that we -- we can proceed.

All right. On this subject, then, the effect of -the issues around the Multnomah County detention, is there
anything else we need to raise before I excuse the Multnomah
County representatives? Because they do have other things to
do.

All right. Thank you very much.

Mr. Arnold, I'm going to put you in charge of generating any joint status report that asks the Court to make a specific ruling. And, in any event, a joint report that tells me what the outcome is.

MR. ARNOLD: Yes, your Honor. Thank you.

THE COURT: We'll set a deadline for that, once I get to the end of process.

I'll just also note with respect to Items A and B on

this effect of pretrial detention issues, the effect of the transport, and the issues of attorney-client phone calls in Nevada, I believe those are concerns that — the attorney-client phone calls in Nevada are concerns. To the extent they persist, they have to be raised first with the court in Nevada. I'm not in a position to correct or monitor what's going on there. I do understand these are impacts that the parties want me to keep in mind, especially as we go forward and consider the motion to dismiss that particularly raises the issue of the ongoing prosecution in Nevada and its counterpart in Nevada.

So I expect you'll be telling me about those things in more detail, then, in conjunction with that motion. But I don't believe they require any more discussion here.

I did want to note, Ms. Baggio, that this was a concern of yours, the attorney-client -- monitoring of the telephone conversations. And I am glad to see your client is here and you're able to interact with him personally.

So if there's an issue you think that pertains to the Oregon situation, you'll let me know. Otherwise, we'll move on.

MS. BAGGIO: Very well.

THE COURT: Thank you.

 $\hbox{So I did have a note $--$ and I did just address this}$ with Mr. Patrick \$--\$ about your wanting to have the Court

consider allowing you to represent yourself. And so 1 2 Mr. Kohlmetz and you will file the necessary paper. We'll get 3 a hearing scheduled for that. 4 MR. KOHLMETZ: Yes, your Honor. 5 THE COURT: Now, Mr. Audet. 6 I received a message, as well, that your client 7 wishes to represent himself; or wishes another lawyer, or 8 something. 9 To the extent there is an issue, a motion needs to be 10 filed. It will be docketed for a separate hearing. 11 MR. AUDET: Understood. 12 THE COURT: Mr. Ehmer, does that make sense to you? 13 Do you understand? 14 DEFENDANT EHMER: Yes, ma'am. 15 THE COURT: Very good. 16 (Pause, referring.) 17 THE COURT: All right. Mr. O'Shaughnessy does need 18 to be arraigned on the Superseding Indictment, and so let's 19 proceed with that. 20 Ms. Baggio. 21 MS. BAGGIO: Thank you, your Honor. 22 At this time we would acknowledge receipt of the 23 charging instrument, proceed as named, waive further reading 24 and advice of rights, and enter a not guilty plea. We would 25 request and accept the trial date previously scheduled for the

other defendants. 1 Thank you. 2 THE COURT: 3 Mr. O'Shaughnessy, do you understand all of the statements your lawyer made on your behalf? 4 DEFENDANT O'SHAUGHNESSY: Yes, your Honor. 5 6 THE COURT: All right. Those representations will be 7 entered. A not guilty plea will be entered. The Court's 8 finding of excludable delay previously made because the case is 9 complex applies equally to Mr. O'Shaughnessy. His jury trial 10 date, then, is 9-7-16, and I'm finding excludable delay for him 11 through that date. 12 Anything else on that point? 13 MS. BAGGIO: (Shakes head.) Thank you. 14 THE COURT: Thank you very much. 15 Now, on the agenda was an issue involving Mr. Flores' 16 and Mr. Warren's conflicts with the trial date. 17 Counsel, did you want to address that, or did you 18 want to wait until Mr. Warren was available personally to do that? 19 MR. NWEZE: Yes, your Honor. 20 21 I would wait until Mr. Warren was personally 22 available --23 THE COURT: All right. 24 -- to handle that. MR. NWEZE: 25 THE COURT: All right. We'll be in touch with him to

raise it. 1 2 MR. NWEZE: Yes. Thank you. THE COURT: 3 All right. And then Mr. Hood. You and Mr. Cox I would like to address for a moment, 4 5 please. 6 With respect to the trial date, his case --7 Mr. Cox -- can you hear me? 8 All right. As I understand it, when Mr. Cox was 9 arraigned, there was an issue raised about the trial date I've 10 already set. And if that needs to be addressed, I would like 11 to hear about it now, please. 12 MR. HOOD: No, your Honor. 13 We just -- as -- Mr. Knight was present as well. The 14 discussion was simply whether or not the Court would -- we 15 would wait for the Court's ruling -- your ruling on the 16 question of the complexity of the case. 17 My assumption is -- I've discussed with my client, is 18 that the Court would make the same ruling in this situation as it has with the other defendants in the case. 19 20 THE COURT: It hasn't gotten any less complex with your clients joining and being here now. 21 22 So, yes, the same finding made with respect to the

other defendants -- just confirmed as to Mr. O'Shaughnessy -- now applies to Mr. Cox. I am finding excludable delay, based on complexity, for him and setting his trial as well for

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30

9-7-16.

MR. HOOD: (Nods head.)

THE COURT: Thank you.

MR. HOOD: Thank you, your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. The next item on the agenda.

Mr. Olson, you had a motion, and then I got a message that you wanted to wait on my addressing it until you had further conferral, or something.

MR. OLSON: I believe the Government --

THE COURT: Do you have your microphone on, please.

MR. OLSON: I believe the Government intends to file a response to that motion.

THE COURT: All right.

MR. OLSON: And -- by May 16th.

THE COURT: Could we hear it, then, on -- at the May

23 time block?

MR. OLSON: Yes. If that's okay with the Court, that would be good.

THE COURT: We're going to fit all of this in at some point.

So I'll ask the clerk to note, then, the Government will respond in writing to Mr. Olson's motion on Mr. Fry's behalf. That's Docket 493.

Was it May 16, Mr. Knight?

MR. KNIGHT: Yes, your Honor. Thank you.

THE COURT: All right. May 16. No replies. 1 2 fit it in for hearing in the block of time currently reserved 3 for -- beginning May 13. Ms. Maxfield, with respect to a forthcoming motion, 4 as I understand it, on 404(b) issues. 5 MS. MAXFIELD: Yes, your Honor. We would ask the 6 7 Court to kick that down the road a little bit. Maybe to the 8 next status conference. 9 THE COURT: All right. 10 MS. MAXFIELD: I think it really goes to a motion to 11 sever, and we don't have dates on that yet. 12 THE COURT: Correct. 13 So this larger question -- and I think, Mr. Halley, 14 you have the **Bruton** issue. Is that right? 15 MR. HALLEY: Yes, your Honor. 16 I think it -- it is, in terms of THE COURT: 17 management, a similar issue to 404(b) issues. It has to do 18 with what evidence will be admissible against whom and in what 19 context in trial. And the complexity of that would vary, 20 depending upon who's in the trial where the evidence is being 21 proffered. 22 Fair? 23 MR. HALLEY: Agreed, your Honor. 24 THE COURT: All right. So Ms. Maxfield is suggesting 25 the 404(b) issue needs -- needs a little more time to develop.

I'm thinking the **Bruton** issues do too. But part of that is driven by the question as to who. And that, in turn, is driven by this question of motions to sever and potentially, for example, Mr. Warren's renewed motion to continue, and -- who was it? Where's Mr. Bakker?

MR. BAKKER: Here, your Honor.

THE COURT: Mr. Bakker, you filed a waiver of speedy trial on your client's behalf. Didn't call it a motion to continue, but it -- it felt like one.

And so we -- I think -- are going to be coming to a place where there needs to be clarity as to whether any defendant affirmatively seeks to be excluded from the September 17 trial date either because of severance or because of any other reason leading that client to choose to waive.

Now, is your client still of a mind that your client wants to waive speedy trial rights, consistent with what was filed?

MR. BAKKER: That is correct, your Honor.

We're also intending to file a motion to sever, and requesting a different trial date on other bases.

I guess my concern with the 404 issue raised by

Ms. Maxfield is I need that information in order to

effectively, I think, argue my motion to sever, as well as

co-conspirator statements that the Government may be intending

to offer. So I'm a little concerned about delaying that. I

would like to get my motion to sever filed.

THE COURT: Well, let me ask this. If your client moved to continue because your client wanted to continue and did not want to go to trial on September 7th, and was waiving speedy trial rights on September 7, I don't know how that motion would be resolved until it was considered. But if it was granted, then those issues of timing would wait.

MR. BAKKER: Correct.

THE COURT: All right. So that's your current assessment with your client as of now?

MR. BAKKER: Yes.

THE COURT: Your client is out of custody?

MR. BAKKER: She is.

THE COURT: Are there any other lawyers who have clients out of custody, whether the out-of-custody client is present here or not, who presently have a view similar to Mr. Bakker's with respect to the September 7th trial date?

Mr. Rainwater.

MR. RAINWATER: I do on behalf of Mr. Blomgren, your Honor. He would be willing to waive time, and we would ask for a later trial date.

THE COURT: I'm not taking that as a request right now.

MR. RAINWATER: I understand.

THE COURT: I'm trying to get a sense of how to

manage this, based on people's perspectives at this point. 1 2 So you and Mr. Bakker have a similar view in that 3 context? MR. RAINWATER: Yes. 4 5 THE COURT: All right. Is there another lawyer who wants to be acknowledged on that front? 6 Ms. Baggio. 7 8 MS. BAGGIO: Thank you, your Honor. 9 On behalf of Ms. Wood -- and I understand that is an 10 issue that she and her client are currently discussing, and 11 they may also seek a later trial date. 12 THE COURT: Mr. Ritzheimer. 13 MS. BAGGIO: Yes, that's correct. 14 THE COURT: All right. So that's three. Is there anyone else, potentially? 15 16 MR. KAUFFMAN: Your Honor, on -- there are a number 17 of out-of-custody clients who, I think, may ultimately be in 18 that position. But are -- until recently, we're not prepared 19 to broach that because of the Court's ruling. 20 THE COURT: I'm not committing anybody --21 MR. KAUFFMAN: Right. 22 THE COURT: -- to any position right now. 23 I'm simply inquiring whether there is some community 24 of thought along the lines Mr. Bakker has expressed for his 25 client; and now Mr. Rainwater has expressed for his; and

potentially Ms. Wood is expressing for hers.

MR. KAUFFMAN: Right. And, your Honor, the Court asked us to -- by e-mail, to try to reach some consensus about when we think a motion deadline would be. And I e-mailed the out-of-custody group and got basically no responses on that regard. So I don't --

THE COURT: Do you have an opinion when that would be a viable decision to make?

MR. KAUFFMAN: The most — the best that I can do is to — is to suggest that it be made in advance of the deadline for the round 2 motions because I think there's some reliance on collaboration in that regard. When that deadline would be appropriate, I can't comment on that now.

THE COURT: All right. Does anyone else want to be heard on that issue, just to express --

Mr. Anderson?

MR. ANDERSEN: I'll just echo what Mr. Kauffman said. I don't think that we are in the position to make a -- to continue at this point, but it certainly could be an issue that we would --

THE COURT: I'm not inviting it.

MR. ANDERSEN: Right.

THE COURT: I'm simply trying to acknowledge that Mr. Bakker has staked out a position on his client's behalf.

Mr. Warren has, in a different way. Mr. Rainwater is

thinking along those lines. And I'm trying to assess here.

Now, with respect to the defendants who are in custody, September 7 is the date, and it will continue to be the date.

We have to move the matter forward because those who are in custody need an adjudication of the charges that are brought against them. So to the extent there are staging priorities that need to be made, they have to be made in favor of those who are in custody vis-a-vis those who are not. I -- I just think that's a fundamentally fair approach.

All right. So both the 404(b) issue and the so-called **Bruton** issue, I'm simply noting, Counsel, that we will carry those discussions and figure out a place to put them in the general calendar of things, but they don't -- we're not going to deal with them on the merits today.

Now we get to the motion for preservation. This is what was called dispute No. 1 on document 442. It is also a motion, document No. 456.

Mr. Coan, I think, is standing in for Ms. Wood on the former. And then with respect to a particular motion, a version thereof on preservation with respect to Mr. Santilli.

MR. COAN: That's correct, your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. Go ahead.

MR. COAN: Thank you.

First, I'll argue the general motion that Ms. Wood

filed, your Honor.

THE COURT: And then let's let the Government respond to the general issues, first, before you get particular as to Mr. Santilli.

MR. COAN: Okay. Thank you.

THE COURT: Hold the microphone a little closer.

MR. COAN: As the Court knows, this is an unprecedented case, as the Government has characterized it as. There are terabytes of information here. We're just getting the information now. We have not been able to go through even the information that we've received, and there's still more to come.

We're not in a good position. We, the defendants, are not in a good position to evaluate what is and isn't going to be relevant. All's we're asking here, right now, with this order, is not for discovery or production of the information but just to hold the status quo so that it's not destroyed.

In fact, the Government, your Honor, has sent out letters to many of the service providers — Internet service providers, social media providers such as Facebook, YouTube, Twitter, and the like, to all of the defendants' accounts, asking for the same from them because they think that those accounts may contain potentially useful information.

And that's the way we're looking at this now, is this information that the Government agents -- whether they're

state, local, or federal, who are participating in this investigation -- may have potential useful information in their e-mail accounts or their text messages, we're primarily concerned with the loss of electronic information. So the burden that would be put upon the Government here is not great. We're not asking them to store boxes and boxes of information. This is just to keep them from deleting or destroying information that could be potentially useful to us.

And as Ms. Wood pointed out in her motion, there is concern about this. The sheriff in Harney County destroyed information from his Facebook that some of us may have found potentially useful in this case. So the burden isn't great for the Government.

Under the due process standard, the Government is supposed to retain potentially useful information. And the due process cases, your Honor, are looking at this from after a conviction in the case, after the cases are all over. And so we're not looking at any bad faith situation. We're not claiming any bad faith. We're just wanting to put the agents on notice that this information is potentially useful to us, please don't destroy it.

I think also that the Court's standing order here in this district, standing order 2015-5, is broader than the due process standard. And Judge Aiken, who was the chief judge at the time, issued this order. And she said that the Government

is to provide in a criminal case, amongst other information, any information that casts doubt on the credibility or accuracy of any evidence or testimony that the Government anticipates offering in its case-in-chief or which supports an argument for a lesser punishment at sentencing.

We're looking at information that could be useful to us in cross-examination; information that may go towards motive, bias, and interest of these Government agents who may testify. And that's information that we may be able to find. At some point we could make a more specific request, once we know which particular agent or which agency is involved with our client and how our case unfolds in terms of our defense. But it's so early on in this case, it's very difficult to tell you, right now, which agent has relevant information that we need.

I think also, your Honor, the American Bar Association model rules, the rules of professional responsibility, which Oregon has a — the same rule, 3.8D, which requires production. And we're not asking production now. But it does require production from the prosecutors of all information known to the prosecutor that tends to negate guilt or mitigate the offense. And, again, this is — we're only asking for nondestruction, not production at this point.

As Ms. Wood pointed out, I think the authority that the Court has in its equitable powers to take control of the

case, the Court could use that authority to issue this order.

Because this is such a -- a large case, with so much information and it's so early on, the Court could order the Government to preserve this information for the time being.

We're not saying that this has to last to eternity, but at least for the time being, until further order of the Court or until this case is concluded. We're asking that that information be preserved, so that we have the opportunity to -- to access it, if necessary.

Again, the burden here is not great. It's very similar to what the Government is asking many Internet service providers and social media accounts to preserve their information that they might -- may find potentially useful. We're just asking for the same thing from the Government agents and agencies who were involved in the investigation of this case so that we have a fair opportunity to -- to try our case with the information that we may need to cross-examine those witnesses.

THE COURT: Are you aware, Mr. Coan, of any case in which such an order was required or evaluated as something a defendant is entitled to under the due process clause? Are you aware of any precedent compelling such an order?

MR. COAN: Ms. Wood cited a civil case, your Honor -THE COURT: I mean, in the criminal context.

Of course, the civil settings are what they are. One

might wonder why a person would be exposed to a criminal process and never be able to take a deposition. But in a civil setting, they're routine. But the rules are quite different.

MR. COAN: Um-hmm.

(Defendant Blaine Cooper exits courtroom.)

THE COURT: Under **Jencks** and **Brady** and **Giglio** and professional standards, the prosecutors have numerous affirmative obligations. I'm simply asking if there's any criminal case you know of where a court also ordered preservation, which is, I think, implicitly subsumed in the duty that the prosecutor has to provide the kinds of information you're citing within those standards.

I don't know of any case, and that's why I'm asking.

MR. COAN: I don't know of any case either, your Honor. Because most of them look at it after there's been a conviction and then there's been a complaint that information wasn't preserved. And the Court has found due process violations in some circumstances.

The case that Ms. Wood cites that indicates that the fact -- if there is an order issued, it does put the agents on a higher standard of alertness for this information, so that they will not destroy it. Because even though they may be aware of their duties not to destroy, if they know that there's a court order not to do so, they will perform at a higher level in terms of complying with that order.

THE COURT: Thank you, Mr. Coan.

MR. COAN: Thank you.

THE COURT: Mr. Barrow.

MR. BARROW: Your Honor, we will primarily rely on our response to the general motion for -- we believe it outlines the Government's position fully.

Just in brief, the Government's view is that the rules of discovery are meant to deal with this very situation. The case is unusual in our district for the number of defendants. There certainly is a lot of data in the case. But that doesn't mean that we can't rely on the rules of discovery to deal with these issues.

We understand our obligation both to seek out materials and produce them. And if we fail to produce something that is discoverable, there are consequences that the Court and the defense attorneys in this case are very familiar with.

There really is no precedent for the order that's been requested. I had a very frank conversation with Ms. Wood because I had never heard of anything like this and I asked her if she had, and she candidly admitted that the answer is no.

The case that -- the civil case that's cited, I believe even the preservation order in that civil case was not issued. But the civil context really isn't appropriate here in -- in a criminal case.

The nature of the materials that the defendant is asking for -- the defense are asking for are virtually unlimited and they're highly speculative.

To be frank, I don't know that the Government could comply with the order as proposed because I don't think it has any reasonable limits. I used the example of employees of federal agencies or state agencies, that their agency participated in the investigation and they may have commented on something that they saw in the media. That would be covered by the proposed order, and I don't know that we would have the capability to identify everyone — every employee who communicated about this case on either Government systems or personal systems.

And so, therefore, we think the order would be extraordinarily burdensome. And, frankly, would set the Government up for failure at some point because we couldn't guarantee compliance with the breadth of that order.

THE COURT: All right. Thank you.

Mr. Coan, anything else on the general motion before you address Mr. Santilli's particular motion?

MR. COAN: Just a couple of things, your Honor.

The rules of discovery are all geared towards production of discovery. There is no specific rule that -- about preservation of information.

So, therefore, when there isn't a rule in the rules

of discovery or the criminal rules of procedure, the Court has its equitable powers to fill in the gaps, and that's what we're asking the Court to do here.

If the Court needs to be -- if the order needs to be limited in some way -- and Ms. Wood did try to negotiate with the Government on a more limited order, if you're going to do that. If -- we talked with the Government about where they think it may be impossible for them to comply with it. We're willing to negotiate that. But we're particularly interested in texts and e-mails that may name any one of these defendants in particular; that information. And if any agent who was participating in the investigation of this case has a text or an e-mail that named one of these defendants, it would obviously be important to that defendant or the attorney for that defendant to review that, to see if this agent has a motive, bias, or interest in the case that may have skewed the investigation at all.

THE COURT: All right. Thank you.

With respect to Mr. Santilli's motion?

MR. COAN: Yes, your Honor. That's more specifically directed.

Mr. Santilli has a -- quite a long history of being highly critical of government, government agencies; in particular, the BLM and the FBI.

He's had on his show, several times, shows directed

at Agent Daniel P. Love from the Bureau of Land Management.

Agent Love was highly involved in the Bundy Ranch standoff down in Nevada a couple of years ago. And we think, based upon the interactions that Mr. Santilli has had with the BLM, with Daniel P. Love, that there's reason to believe that there's animosity that Mr. Love may have for Mr. Santilli.

We are investigating a selective prosecution or vindictive prosecution claim, and so the information that we have asked for — the texts and e-mails of those individuals, of Daniel P. Love or Agent Bretsing (phonetic), who is the FBI lead agent in Oregon at this time, we want to know if there are any e-mails from or text messages from Daniel P. Love, or others — may have been intermediary — from Daniel P. Love to Agent Bretsing that name Mr. Santilli because that would be directly relevant to our — our — our investigation in a selective prosecution or vindictive prosecution claim.

THE COURT: So it's not a preservation issue as much as it's a discovery issue?

MR. COAN: Well, we're asking to preserve at this point.

At some point, shortly, we will be asking for production, but we just don't want it to be destroyed at this point.

THE COURT: All right. So, we're dealing only with the preservation issue as to evidence that might yield

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something that would otherwise be producible in any event under
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     Brady, Giglio, and --
 3
               MR. COAN: Yes.
               THE COURT: -- the like.
 4
                          Mr. Barrow, on that specific subject.
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               All right.
               MR. BARROW: Your Honor, first of all, having --
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     after the -- Mr. -- Mr. --
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               THE COURT: Excuse me. Just a minute. I'm -- I
 9
     can't hear.
10
               Start over, please.
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               MR. BARROW: Your Honor, we have not filed a formal
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     response to Mr. Santilli's motion because it came in a little
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    bit later. I'm comfortable dealing with it today. I think the
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     general principles outlined in the Government's response apply.
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               I did -- because of the more specific nature of
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    Mr. Santilli's request, I did alert both BLM and the FBI to
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     this motion.
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               My understanding -- although we're still looking into
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     it -- is that these types of records are held, you know, on
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     central servers, in -- at the headquarters location.
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    being said, you know, I think that the request illustrates the
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     very speculative nature of what Mr. Santilli is seeking.
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               If this were framed as a discovery request, the
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    materials -- the -- the request, as framed, wouldn't be
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     discoverable because it's based on pure speculation.
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As it relates to Mr. Love -- or SAC Love, that would appear to be something related to the Nevada prosecution. Both the date range that Mr. Coan has outlined and the involvement of Mr. Love relates to the Nevada prosecution.

As to the request as it relates to SEC Bretsing, again, this is a classic sort of fishing expedition for things that Mr. Santilli believes must exist because he was critical of -- of Mr. Love and Mr. Bretsing.

As we well know from prior detention hearings involving — involving Mr. Santilli, he was highly critical of a great deal of people — a great number of people. And if criticizing someone — a government official on his show created a legitimate request for discovery, we would be searching through the President's communications, the Secretary of State's communications, the former Secretary of State. There really would be unlimited number of people to look for, if that was the basis for producing something.

So when a more specific request for discovery is provided by Mr. Coan on behalf of Mr. Santilli, we will certainly look into it. We have a duty to investigate, a duty to find things that are **Brady**, and we fully intend to comply with that duty. But based on the speculation in Mr. Santilli's current motion, that — that these materials may exist and may — may help his — his defense, we don't believe that at least preservation should be ordered.

If -- if there were a rule for preservation of materials, I think it would hinge, as it does in the civil context, on some evidence that these things are being destroyed.

anymore. Under the evidence -- under the new rules of civil procedure, there are preservation burdens that start at the beginning of a case. ESI, in the civil context, is very much the subject of this kind of action.

But, as was noted, civil procedure and civil production rules are not and do not track the criminal ones.

And that's not something I have the authority to change.

MR. BARROW: I agree, your Honor. And, obviously, I'm not an expert in civil discovery.

Ms. Wood was kind of applying that sort of analogy in talking about Sheriff Ward's potential destruction of personal Facebook postings. My only point is that the defense in the Santilli request has not made any argument that there's a danger that the stuff will disappear. And we just think that the -- based on the request for this nature -- or the preservation of this material, we would ask that the Court not impose a duty to preserve.

Obviously, we'll deal with the discoverability of those issues later. And if the Government has failed to preserve something that is discoverable, again, there are

consequences. The rules of discovery are fully capable of dealing with those issues.

THE COURT: I'm taking both general preservation motion and Mr. Santilli's specific motion under advisement on the papers and the argument just made, and I'll issue a ruling in due course.

Ms. Shipsey.

MS. SHIPSEY: Yes, your Honor.

At the outset --

THE COURT: Would you turn on the microphone, please.

MS. SHIPSEY: Oh, I'm sorry.

At the outset of Mr. Coan's arguments, Mr. Cooper began to have chest pains. He was taken out by the marshals, and is being seen by a medic right now. So he has not been in here for the last 15 minutes, or so. I wanted the Court to know that.

THE COURT: All right. Well, we trust he will be all right and that you will keep him informed of what's happened.

And if there's an issue because of his absence, you'll let me know.

MS. SHIPSEY: Absolutely, your Honor.

THE COURT: Thank you.

All right. The next item on the agenda was described as overall compliance with our district's standing order 2015-5, which is the very order Mr. Coan was just referencing,

including a deadline for production of Brady materials and 1 other matters. 2 3 Mr. Kohlmetz is identified here as the person to address it. 4 5 Good morning. MR. KOHLMETZ: Yes, good morning. Good morning --6 7 THE COURT: Is your microphone on? 8 MR. KOHLMETZ: I'm sorry. I -- I don't have a 9 microphone. I will borrow this one. THE COURT: We need to be sure those who are 10 11 listening elsewhere can here you too, even if we can. 12 MR. KOHLMETZ: Sure. 13 THE COURT: Go ahead. 14 MR. KOHLMETZ: Okay. Your Honor, I have conferred 15 with Mr. Barrow and the co-defendant lawyers for some of the 16 co-defendants. I think at this juncture, if we could just push 17 this conversation back to the next status conference, we'll 18 have some more -- potentially more specific information. 19 I don't think the Court's assistance is required as 20 of yet. 21 THE COURT: Very well. 22 I'm simply going to observe that I know there was a 23 delay in securing the services of a third-party vendor to 24 process the discovery being provided by the Government through 25 the CJA office. And despite my best efforts, those approvals

took much longer than I expected. But I understand the final approval occurred late last week. That the vendor is in place, is working.

And so hopefully very soon all of the defense counsel who are waiting on access in that way will have -- have a much better situation. So I'm guessing this might relate to that, too, just the timing there.

The next item is assigned to Mr. Coan, with respect to transcripts of video recordings to be used as evidence -- again, this anticipates to be used at trial, potentially.

There was a -- a matter submitted to me first requesting -- and it looked like there was a semantic dispute, at first, about whether the request was for the Court to order the Government to provide lists.

I don't think that's really the dispute. The dispute is to ensure that transcripts of video recordings that are going to be used get produced.

But is there an issue right now I need to address?

Or is it developing still?

MR. COAN: I'll still developing, your Honor. I've been in communication with Mr. Barrow. And he expressed to me that they're making a good faith effort to get to us what we're calling transcripts. And what we call transcripts and what the Government calls transcripts may be two different things.

Their 302 reports have quotes from certain videos

that -- in a broad sense, the term "transcript," that would be considered a transcript. Where -- whereas with the defense, your Honor, we're in the process of looking at getting transcripts for a lot of these videos. So we don't want to duplicate efforts if we're just going to get the same product a month down the road. That's why I had asked for a list of the transcripts, so we're not duplicating efforts and adding to costs in the case. So at this point in time we are taking the Government at their word that they're producing the transcripts just as quickly as they can, or the 302 reports with quotes from videos and audio recordings. And I appreciate the Court's expression back to the Government to put a priority on those 302 reports that do contain quotes from audio or video recordings.

THE COURT: All right. Ms. Baggio, you're assigned to what's -- what are described as items 5 and 6. Are those issues we need to discuss, or not?

MS. BAGGIO: Your Honor, as to item No. 5, I have been conferring with the Government. And when we have these reports due on Thursday, a lot of times a lot can happen.

THE COURT: Well, at -- resolving is a good report. But I'm just trying to ensure that if there is an issue to raise now, we do it now.

MS. BAGGIO: I believe the only issue left to resolve on this item, your Honor, is the question of when the Court

would like any motion filed with regard to notice and discovery of national security investigative techniques on these defendants.

And my understanding, in speaking with the

Government, is that I -- after I provided them with a draft of
my motion for notice, the Government is conferring with the
relevant authorities. And the plan is to report back to me the
Government's position on Monday. And -- so I think, your
Honor, that we would request, if a motion is necessary, that
the Court would allow me to file that before round 2 because
the fruits would be so relevant to round 2.

THE COURT: Actually, it would be good to be able to argue this motion in the time we have set aside on May 23.

MS. BAGGIO: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: So if the question is do you have leave to file it after April 27, the answer is yes.

If the question is when, the answer is as soon as possible, so that the motion and an opposition can be in my hands ahead of May 23 so that I have an opportunity to study the -- the issues and not come into court where it's being argued, just reading the Government's response then.

So what I'll ask is -- and I'll put this in the order from today, is that I get a status report back from you. I'll wait for the order. But we'll figure out a mechanism where you can let me know the timing, and -- and we'll get it done then.

MS. BAGGIO: Thank you, your Honor.

THE COURT: All right.

MS. BAGGIO: And I believe with regard to No. 6, again, lots of conferrals are happening, your Honor. At this point in time I don't believe that we need the Court's intervention on that item.

THE COURT: Thank you.

Mr. Kohlmetz was assigned item 7, discussion regarding a change-of-venue motion.

And let me just note for the record that recently I e-mailed to counsel a draft of a plan regarding jury management for selection of a jury.

I explained in that draft the very many steps that need to be taken in order, ultimately, on September 7, to have jurors reporting who have a decent chance of being qualified and can participate in voir dire.

In order to have jurors reporting on September 7, we need to begin very soon. I had indicated in the e-mail, in May, we could maybe stretch that to June. But the -- the issue regarding a change-of-venue motion, its timing, the work it would take to permit the defendants to have expert witness opinion evidence about the likelihood of seating a fair and impartial jury here is time that would otherwise preclude us going to trial on September 7. So I've expressed, already, a perspective that I think the timing of the change-of-venue

motion ought to await the actual voir dire.

I do -- and I'm simply reciting this now for the record because, as I say, the communication was only to counsel by e-mail and not in the public record.

I do acknowledge there are many issues both sides — the Government and the defendants — will want a chance to review with prospective jurors.

And, fundamentally, a robust voir dire process would be, in my judgment, the best way to determine if we are able to sit a fair and impartial jury.

And in that process, it seems to me, if it -- if that voir dire process undermines the right of the defendants to have a fair and impartial jury, that -- if it could be established that way, then that would be the time to address a change of venue and the consequences of having to change venue as of September 7th. Because if we had to change venue as of September 7th, we would have to find a venue and figure out what to do with it, and then more time passes and there are more consequences.

On the other hand, if we are able, with everyone's cooperation with the questionnaire formatting and all of that, to ultimately get to a place where the parties have had adequate access in what I have described as a robust voir dire process, to evaluate each and every juror presented, to exercise challenges for cause, to exercise peremptory

challenges in a number yet to be determined, we may be able to avoid the cost and delay and the expense of a venue motion.

So that's my setting the stage.

(Defendant Blaine Cooper enters courtroom.)

THE COURT: Mr. Kohlmetz.

MR. KOHLMETZ: Well, your Honor, perhaps I'll just start with a brief history of my funding frustration.

I was appointed Mr. Patrick's case February 18th, if my recollection serves. Very shortly thereafter, after conferring with Mr. Patrick, I was directed to explore a change-of-venue motion. I began contacting providers. Very soon came to the conclusion that the expenses would be very great in developing the data necessary, by my reading of the case law, to support such a motion.

In March, I approached the panel office and was informed that given the expense — given the amount of expense involved, it would need to be — it would need to go through, I think, what was referred to as a national litigation support office, a request-for-a-proposal procedure, and so we held off. Some weeks later, mid-March, I was then told this was not a litigation support project. That it was not subject to the RFP rules. And that we could then submit a regular request through the CJA panel office but that we should confer with the panel office before doing so.

I was not able to confer in the next week. Some

desperation on my part, in an effort to comply with the timelines in the case, I went ahead and filed, on March 29th, a request for funding in the amount of 129,300 dollars. That funding would accomplish two -- both components of the change-of-venue analysis; a media analysis, qualitative and quantitative of all of the media coverage, particularly surrounding the time of this event. The 41 days of almost constant media coverage. And -- and after the media analysis -- and in my original proposal, concurrent with it, a community survey attitude in this district and two others to determine the extent of exposure and subsequent attitudes within the prospective venire.

At some point in March -- at some point in April, while I was on vacation, I was then informed that in an effort to get the funding passed, I should bifurcate the request.

Request funding for the media analysis. And if the results of the media analysis then supported further -- supported the second component, the community attitude service, proceed with that.

I expressed an absolute willingness to do that, and I have done that. But I did, at that time, express my concern that bifurcating the funding and bifurcating the work would cause additional delay because there would be no concurrence in the work.

I spoke with my proposed expert earlier this week.

The funding request has been bifurcated. It is still pending, as of today.

From the moment that they receive funding, the media analysis will take 60 to 90 days for full work product to be produced and divulged to all counsel.

If at that point, after review by counsel, a decision is then made to proceed with the community attitude survey, then I will be required to seek funding for that. Assuming that happened on that very day, the community attitude survey and its resulting data is an additional 60 to 90 days.

Best-case scenario, if funding were approved today, according it my expert, we're looking at approximately 150 days; which puts us right up to September.

THE COURT: Right. Mr. Kohlmetz, I'm aware of your funding request. It is, at the moment, an ex parte submission in the CJA e-Voucher system.

Since you've made this full disclosure today, I would like leave to file it in the docket.

MR. KOHLMETZ: Absolutely.

THE COURT: I will consider it a motion that is substantive, as well. And I still think, consistent with the order I entered, which is 389, this is not the case where prejudice can be presumed. I do believe this is a case where there is strong opinion on many opposing issues. That prejudice, depending on one's perspective, could be against the

Government vis-a-vis prejudice against the defendants'

positions. And I think you should expect -- but I will review

it all one more time -- that I'm going to deny the funding

request with leave to renew it upon a showing of prejudice that

is developed in the context of an actual voir dire. Primarily

because I think the best mechanism for everyone accused -- and

for the Government -- is to confront face-to-face the jurors

who will decide the case and to determine whether they are

able, despite what is prevalent knowledge of an event, to be

neutral in evaluating the credibility of each witness

testifying against him or her, the substance of the evidence

presented by the Government, the evidence defendants choose

voluntarily to present, and this question of privilege with

respect to First Amendment expression and the issues around the

firearm possessions, and the like.

So I'm just -- I'm just being realistic about what I have in front of me, and I appreciate -- I do want your permission to be able to file those ex parte submissions in the public record.

MR. KOHLMETZ: Absolutely, your Honor. And -because if the motion for funding is denied, I -- I would
obviously like an opportunity to respond and then perhaps to
appeal that decision. Having those records -- I've disclosed a
potential provider, already, to the Government.

THE COURT: Absolutely. Absolutely.

MR. KOHLMETZ: So I would simply point out, your Honor, that as I understand the law, the question of actual or presumed prejudice will be remote, and I will not be able to properly evaluate it without both the media analysis. Because the first step in the analysis, as I understand it primarily from the **Skilling** case, is that I need to demonstrate that there is media saturation.

One of the things about the media saturation in this case that I suspect is far different than most criminal cases, is that the media saturation did not begin after the crime or the alleged crimes were committed.

For 41 days, and even before, during this protest, there was live-streaming media coverage that amounts to -- and I would have guessed in the prosecution's eyes -- a continuous and ongoing confession. This is, I think, a very unique circumstance, in comparison to many other cases, including the Boston bombing case, where the nature of the media coverage and the nature of the information in that saturation is so fundamentally different than what we normally see. That without the subsequent -- assuming the media analysis bears out what I believe I have just argued, that without the subsequent community attitude survey to gauge the -- the nature of those opinions and what the effect of that extreme amount and the topical nature of that coverage did, I don't think I would be in a position --

THE COURT: Let me ask this, then, Mr. Kohlmetz. 1 2 You go ahead and file those motions in the record, 3 the ones you've already filed as part of the CJA matter. All right? 4 MR. KOHLMETZ: Oh, do you want me to refile them? 5 THE COURT: Well, they're not in the CM/ECF record. 6 They're in the e-Voucher record. So they're not a part of the 7 8 record of the case at this point. 9 MR. KOHLMETZ: Gotcha. 10 THE COURT: And if you want leave to add a memorandum 11 with those motions about the necessity, in light of this 12 colloquy, you can do that. 13 MR. KOHLMETZ: Sure. 14 THE COURT: And then I won't decide the funding or 15 the general proposition of whether the motion should be 16 considered now until I get that. 17 MR. KOHLMETZ: Okay. 18 THE COURT: All right? 19 MR. KOHLMETZ: (Nods head.) 20 THE COURT: Very good. That's how we'll deal with 21 Thank you. it. 22 All right. Item 8 is timing of the round 2 motions. 23 Before we get there, I do need, Counsel, your input 24 on the timing of argument on the round 1 motions. 25 We have many that were filed. A couple that were

filed late. 1 2 Mr. Medenbach filed a motion yesterday, and the 3 Government's been directed to brief that. Mr. Bundy's motion is still to be filed. Mr. Ammon 4 Bundy's. 5 6 Ms. Baggio reserved the potential for a motion. 7 I want to be sure that when we convene on May 23, for 8 argument, we have a reasonable calendar to accomplish all of 9 the work. 10 And so I think the thing to do is for me to designate 11 representatives on both sides to work out a proposed argument 12 schedule for all of those currently filed and anticipated motions. And then I'll review them, and I'll issue an order 13 14 about how we're going to use the time so that we get the work 15 done. 16 Who wants to be the Government representative there? 17 MR. KNIGHT: I can do that, your Honor. THE COURT: 18 Okay. Do we need more than --19 Mr. Federico, you look like you're ready to volunteer. 20 MR. FEDERICO: Yes, your Honor, I'm happy to 21 volunteer. 22 THE COURT: You're it. 23 Okay. So today's Wednesday. Could you give me that

by next Wednesday? That's also the day you give me updates on discovery.

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Is that enough time?

MR. FEDERICO: Yes, your Honor. I believe it would be.

THE COURT: Very good. Let's do that.

Now, item 9 is this -- this proposal and plan for a jury -- how to deal with a jury. It also relates, in general, to a motion -- I need to find the reference.

I think it was your motion, Mr. Bundy. Mr. Ryan Bundy's motion regarding grand jury discovery. Because both of them, in part, involve this question of the pool from whence jurors are called for grand jury relative to Mr. Bundy's motion and for trial.

I wanted to advance the inquiry just to give you all some information that I secured via Ms. Glover's -- Teresa Glover, the jury supervisor. And I think what I can do is through our processes here at the court, I can get a declaration prepared, so that you have a reliable basis to know some of the information that this motion addresses. And I can just give it to you now, so that you know what to expect. And that way we'll get -- we'll get this issue moving, and we don't have to wait for a lot of other inquiry.

So here's what I understand. And this is subject to Ms. Glover verifying it by way of a declaration in due course.

The original case under which everyone is appearing now, 16-51, was considered -- the original Indictment was

considered by the grand jury No. 1501.

The case originally indicted, the Cooper case, was considered by grand jury No. 1502.

And the Superseding Indictment, by which everybody was joined in this case, was considered by that original panel, No. 1501.

Just for general information, these panels are formed under the jury plan in the manner in which they're drawn. They serve for 18 months, and then they serve in alternate weeks.

Each panel has -- if I'm remembering correctly -- 16 jurors, and a minimum of 12 are needed for a quorum in any grand jury setting.

That 1501 grand jury that returned the original Indictment in Case 16-51 was drawn in a way that included one juror from the Pendleton division, someone who was from Hermiston. And I don't have all of the breakdown yet, but I'm trying to see if that can be accomplished. But my own understanding is corrected. I thought the grand jury Indictment was from the Portland division only, and that's not true.

The grand jury panel did draw proportionately from the District of Oregon. So it isn't just a Portland division panel from which the grand jurors were pulled.

And let me just be sure everybody understands. The Portland division is not Multnomah County. It extends down to

the central Oregon Coast, all the way to the Pacific ocean, down to the Oregon Coast, across to the Cascades, and up to Hood River, or around there. So it's the upper quadrant of the state of Oregon.

The panel 1502, that originally indicted the Cooper case, had at least two grand jurors from the Pendleton division and one from Central Oregon. And I don't know if that qualified as Eugene, or what. But they're -- so my point is, there were jurors from outside of the Portland division that returned those Indictments.

I am going to work with Ms. Glover to collect the data that I think will help frame this issue, to the extent it needs to be framed, so that you don't need to go through a -- any more discovery process, and I'll just get it done.

I'll get information collected. We'll get a declaration prepared on terms that I think are reasonable, and filed. And then if, Mr. Bundy, you believe a motion is warranted, you're free to file it.

Does that work?

DEFENDANT RYAN BUNDY: Yes.

THE COURT: Okay.

DEFENDANT RYAN BUNDY: Uh --

THE COURT: Yes, sir.

DEFENDANT RYAN BUNDY: When will that be?

THE COURT: As soon as we can.

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DEFENDANT RYAN BUNDY: Okay.
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               THE COURT: All right?
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               There are a lot of moving parts that all of you are
     dealing with and there are 26 of you with lawyers and there's
 4
 5
     one of me, with a good team of court supporters. But I'm going
     to do the best I can do. We'll get it out reasonably soon.
 6
 7
    All right?
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               DEFENDANT RYAN BUNDY: Okay. Thank you.
 9
               THE COURT: All right.
10
              MS. SHERTZ: Your Honor?
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               THE COURT: Yes, Ms. Shertz.
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               MS. SHERTZ: Forgive me. If you're done with that
    piece, I'm not sure whether we actually ended up dealing with
13
14
     No. 8, then, which was the timing of round 2 motions, which is
15
     something I actually --
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               THE COURT: We didn't. I want to actually deal with
     the calender, that whole list at the end.
17
18
               MS. SHERTZ: Okay. I misunderstood when you called
    No. 8 --
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20
               THE COURT: No, no. I may not be clear, but
21
     there's -- there are a lot of things.
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               MS. SHERTZ: Thank you.
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               THE COURT: We'll catch it. Thank you.
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               We've already addressed the pretrial detention
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     issues.
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So now we want to get to this big calendar concern and a list of what's being considered as -- as round 2 motions. So on page 6 of the joint status report, there are identified five different subjects. The last three are really defendant-specific subjects. And it seems to me, maybe -- it may be necessary for those to be addressed differently than a group kind of motion. Am I -- am I misreading that? Who -- who is the organizer on behalf of counsel around these motions? Ms. Baggio? MS. BAGGIO: I am, your Honor. THE COURT: Thank you. With respect, then, to these various motions to suppress, those are defendant-specific, yes? MS. BAGGIO: That is generally true. THE COURT: All right. Are you thinking there's any global issue that would apply to every defendant?

I'm having a hard time conceiving what that would be. Because if there's a suppression concern -- like Mr. Olson has an issue specific to his client about an invocation, or another lawyer thinks there wasn't a voluntary waiver of the right to remain silent, those are all fact-specific to an individual.

MS. BAGGIO: Your Honor, I would say that there are some issues that we've identified that may be applicable to more than one defendant, and we are working among ourselves --

THE COURT: Okay.

MS. BAGGIO: -- to find an individual to address them. For example, a Government use of a geolocation device. It wasn't used on just one defendant.

THE COURT: I see.

 $\,$ MS. BAGGIO: But the same type of application might be used on 17.

THE COURT: I see.

MS. BAGGIO: So we're working together to try to efficiently address that.

And I think similarly, if we look at the types of investigative techniques that the Government used, there were clumps. And the same means or methods were used against multiple defendants. And so that's kind of our approach. So that certainly while a Miranda issue would be a defendant-specific, some of the Fourth Amendment items would be applicable then to more than one person.

I think that the other type that comes to mind is with the pole cameras and the All Writs Act, we're trying to figure out, okay, well, where were the cameras? Who might have standing to challenge the captures that were made under those cameras?

And so that's part of what our evolving understanding of the discovery requires me to request of the Court, to say I'm not really sure who might all be on some of those issues.

THE COURT: So as the status report is printed out,

for me it all came out in black-and-white. And I'm told, in the text, that some things are highlighted in red. So I can't really tell what's agreed to and what isn't.

Maybe you, Ms. Baggio, could point up the issues that you believe, on behalf of defendants, need to be concerned.

And then I'll hear from the Government. And then we'll go forward.

I can address the proposal about days to set aside for round 2 arguments. But I think we probably need to get set when the round 2 motions will be filed.

MS. BAGGIO: Your Honor, I don't believe there was any dispute between the defendants and the Government as to the proposed schedule.

THE COURT: Okay.

MS. BAGGIO: The word "proposed" appears wherever that isn't a deadline already imposed by the Court.

THE COURT: Okay.

MS. BAGGIO: And so I believe -- and the Government can correct me -- but this is the joint proposal as to round 2 on behalf of all of the parties.

THE COURT: Is that right?

MR. KNIGHT: That's right, your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. Well, I have to negotiate with my team, too, in terms of being able to process all you're giving me. But I do want to address days to set aside for

hearing on round 2, and I need to get a calendar.

Do we have the hard calendar here, Ms. Boyer?

THE CLERK: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: May I see it, please.

I am out of the district the week of July 11. The options there are Judge Jones continues to volunteer to be of assistance. To the extent we needed to use July 11th, we could enlist his help. Otherwise, I'm available -- I have other matters already scheduled but, of course, this takes priority.

I'm not out of the district, in other words, July 18 week or the week of July 26, or ahead of the week of July 11.

We have a status conference on July 6th, and it occurred to me that perhaps it might be possible if we severed one or more of these motions. The more general ones, we could potentially hear them on July 6th; that is, if they're fully briefed, since we're already going to have a status conference that day.

So I need to tell you the proposal for July 11 week can't work. And let me -- let me just give it back to you, now that you know what -- where I am available. And, Ms. Baggio, you and Mr. Knight can do some more scheduling. And include Mr. Federico, too, since he's working on the allocation of hearing time for May 23. I'll just make him the hearing time designator for this other one, too.

And then by Wednesday, maybe you can give me a

specific joint proposal on how to -- how to schedule out these 1 2 round 2 motions. 3 Would that work? MS. BAGGIO: Yes, your Honor. 4 5 MR. KNIGHT: Yes, your Honor. THE COURT: And Mr. Federico? 6 MR. FEDERICO: Yes, your Honor. 7 8 THE COURT: Okay. Now, I need to ask whether -- oh. 9 (Pause, referring.) 10 THE COURT: Right now our next status hearing is June 11 In anticipation of that, the waivers of appearance should 12 be June 1. The joint status report should be June 8. I'll issue an order from today, reciting the additional reports I've 13 14 requested from all of you. 15 The two defendants who wish Faretta hearings will 16 file motions, and we'll get those docketed. 17 The issues around Multnomah County detention matters 18 will be developed and then reported back to me one way or the other. 19 20 Does the Government have other matters I need to 21 address today? 22 MR. KNIGHT: No, your Honor. Thank you. 23 THE COURT: Does any other defendant have a matter 24 that needs to be addressed in the public session before we 25 adjourn?

How about if you have a motion -- a matter, stand up. 1 Mr. Kohlmetz. 2 3 MR. KOHLMETZ: Just a quick one, your Honor. May I have leave just to file Mr. Patrick's self-representation 4 request pending receipt of the form from the panel --5 THE COURT: Yes. 6 7 MR. KOHLMETZ: -- just to get it? 8 THE COURT: Yes, absolutely. You can do that. 9 MR. KOHLMETZ: Okay. 10 THE COURT: And we'll get it docketed as soon as we 11 can fit you in. 12 MR. KOHLMETZ: Terrific. Thank you. 13 THE COURT: As I understand it, Mr. Kohlmetz, this is 14 Mr. Patrick's desire? You personally don't see there's a 15 conflict of any kind? 16 MR. KOHLMETZ: I do not have a conflict with 17 Mr. Patrick. I --18 THE COURT: He wishes to represent himself? 19 MR. KOHLMETZ: Yes. And he objects, as you heard, to 20 standby counsel. I've told him, and you've told him that you 21 will be appointing standby counsel. We can address that at the 22 hearing. 23 THE COURT: Indeed. I -- I respect your points, sir. 24 I just want -- wanted to figure out if Mr. Kohlmetz thought he 25 had a reason to withdraw, and he's telling me no. So this is

driven by you, and we'll address it at your hearing. Okay?

All right. Yes, Mr. Arnold.

MR. ARNOLD: Your Honor, your e-mail mentioned bringing to your attention any concern we had regarding the spacing for trial.

THE COURT: Yes. Let me just state that issue.

We're very crowded here, and there are many parties who are not in attendance.

To the extent all 26 defendants go to trial at one time, this -- this could not work (indicating). And what I am working on right now is -- working with GSA, who owns the building, to see about a way to modify the courtroom to have a meaningful space for trial.

For example, the way we're set out now, there's not even room for a witness to approach the witness stand. There isn't a way for us to conduct a meaningful process. So I'm looking into the idea of removing the bar in this room, removing the public spectator section, and having an entirely separate dedicated room for observers. So that where all of the folks are sitting now and observing, there could be counsel table, microphones, and more space for all of those who do go to trial on September 7th, including jurors and probably a larger jury box.

So that was the subject I wanted you to be aware I'm looking into.

Mr. Arnold.

MR. ARNOLD: Thank you, your Honor. We have objections to several of those items. In general, we object to removing live spectators from the courtroom, under the Sixth Amendment. We believe that there's a right to a public trial, and we believe the term "public" is defined as having an open view.

And I would just use by analogy that if I were to book a room at the coast, and I was told that I had an open view of the beach and there was a video monitor, I would ask for a refund. And I think the founders would do the same, if that was the sort of setup we had in this courtroom.

And the due process reasons behind it are beyond just the mere public observation. There is a right to a defendant to have someone who swears under oath, to have to look into a courtroom of spectators, and know that there is some accountability not only to their oath but to their community; even though this is a very large community in the District of Oregon.

The concerns I have about witnesses approaching, I would recommend they exit the courtroom, go through the hallway adjacent, and come into the side door.

Regarding cross-examination of witnesses, I object to using a podium. I need to be seated next to my client.

THE COURT: I didn't say you couldn't have your

client next to you, next to a podium, did I?

MR. ARNOLD: No, you did not, your Honor. So that would alleviate my concern of the podium, if I had my client there. So I appreciate that option.

THE COURT: So, Mr. Arnold, those concerns are driven in part just by the realities of space. And, indeed, they may be mooted, depending upon where we go and how many people we have on September 7th.

MR. ARNOLD: And I have suggestion regarding space as well.

THE COURT: I'm happy to hear it.

MR. ARNOLD: I note that there is a secure Donald Trump meeting on Friday in Eugene at the Lane Event Center. There will be Secret Service there. There will be other security. And I think it would probably be as great or greater -- or similar to what we have in this courthouse.

I think that one option is to have the Government rent out a conference center and have security set up there. I don't think this particular courtroom or this courthouse should restrain the rights to due process and a public hearing. I think we could come up with a good plan. And if fundings are a concern, you know, we could address that as well.

But what I envision is if the Court thinks we can't fit here comfortably, you know, a convention hall would work.

I believe security could be set up. And I would be willing to

work with whomever to -- to assist in that.

THE COURT: I understand what you're saying.

We have several issues. Again, it's driven by the number of people. And as we've heard this morning, there are some who want not to be part of the group going to trial on September 7. And that in fact may resolve some of these concerns. But there are issues of degree.

To -- Mr. Medenbach? Yes, sir. I'm sorry. I didn't see you.

DEFENDANT MEDENBACH: Since we had our last status meeting, I came across with -- with the Freedom of Information Act, your oath of office that you took in 1999.

THE COURT: Yes, sir.

DEFENDANT MEDENBACH: And I can see how the confusion could be that it's a single oath because it's a combination oath; the two oaths in it. Title 28 Section 453 and Title V Section 331 of the United States Code.

So there's two oaths of office being taken here, and I just want to put on the record that the Constitution doesn't say a federal judge can take a second oath of office. And if the Constitution says that, then — then a federal judge can't take a second oath of office.

So I was just going to make that statement. And if anybody else on the co-defendant -- it's on my Facebook page, if anybody wants to see it.

Thank you.

THE COURT: Thank you, sir. It's noted for the record.

I think with respect to this question of the concept I outlined here on the record and that I shared with counsel by e-mail about possibly having a courtroom where only the parties, the jurors, the witnesses, counsel were present and all spectators were in another place is something on which there will need to be briefing, if we get to that place.

Again, we're -- we have to get to the day by which I can reasonably determine how many people will go to trial. And I appreciate your suggestion about witnesses coming in down a hallway.

But, in the end, we've got to provide room for the jurors and everyone else. And the security issues for a presidential candidate are just not the same as a case in which 12 or 13 people are in the marshal's custody. So I also have to take into account those — those issues.

I'm going to do my best to consider all of the options. But if I get to the place where I'm ready to make a decision, I'll let you know so that you all can brief quickly the question; know that it's coming, so get started on it.

MR. ARNOLD: And, your Honor, may I address Mr. Medenbach's concern?

I have no doubt that your Honor has taken an oath of

office and I -- maybe if it would placate the concerns -- I 1 mean, I -- I have no problem with redoing my oath as a lawyer 2 3 at any time. You know, I have no problem swearing under the Constitution. I don't know if -- if it would address concerns 4 if your Honor, at some point in the future, just re -- re --5 6 renewed your vows. THE COURT: Mr. Arnold, please take a seat. 7 8 taken care of this matter three times now. I'm not going to 9 take it up again. Mr. Medenbach was allowed to make his point 10 for the record. 11 Have a seat. 12 MR. ARNOLD: Okay. Thank you, your Honor. 13 THE COURT: All right. Are there any other matters 14 we need to do in the public record? 15 Yes, Mr. Federico? 16 MR. FEDERICO: Your Honor, the Court provided to the 17 parties, on April 21st, the draft timeline for a jury plan. 18 THE COURT: Yes. 19 MR. FEDERICO: I know we've already talked about the 20 grand jury and how that was opposed. But my understanding from 21 the --22 THE COURT: You're right. I needed to get back to 23 that. ${\mbox{I}}$ -- ${\mbox{I}}$ have received your letter on behalf of all of 24 25 the parties in response to my proposal, which suggested some

agreement and some disagreement. And I think I'm going to have to enter an order to get this process going.

Preliminary to that order getting started, I am going to have to develop the initial questionnaire to go with jurors. I am -- to jurors. I'm going to need to decide the -- the group from whence those jurors should be drawn, and so we need to have that decided.

I understand there's an argument about whether the jurors should be drawn only from the Portland division or whether they should be drawn elsewhere.

And if you're prepared to make that argument now, fine. If not, I'll set a date to do it because we're coming close to the place where we have to get summonses out to the first group.

As I understand it, the parties are in general agreement, the Government and defendants collectively, that summonsing approximately 1500 jurors in the first instance is reasonable. That that first summons would be the normal summons to seek the jurors' response as to statutory exemptions, statutory qualification, and any hardship request, including as to the length of service.

I appreciate the parties' suggestions that the Court needs to be as open as possible regarding how long the trial itself will take. But the disclosure to the jurors has to be truthful, so that they can evaluate whether in fact they could

serve without true hardship for the length of time given.

But I -- I agree that we don't want to commit in advance to a firm end date because things happen. And they happen the other way, too. Trials end sooner than expected.

I do understand there is a consensus with my proposal that when we are in trial we will be working four business days a week. That every week there will be a dark day for the jury, at least. Now, that might mean we need to work in order that when the jury comes back, we're ready to go. But to lessen the burden on the jury, it would be four days a week.

In those weeks that have a national holiday, like Columbus Day, that's the dark day. We would not go down to three days. Veterans Day, that would be the dark day. We would not go down to three days.

And I don't know, yet, whether it's going to be the same day of the week, but I think people would like it to be Fridays, just so that it — it is connected with a weekend, and then we can manage our time. And that's sort of where I'm headed there.

With respect to the Thanksgiving holiday, if we were still in trial for Thanksgiving, I think it would be important to alert the jurors ahead of time that there would not be court on the Wednesday before Thanksgiving day, nor the Friday after Thanksgiving day because it is so common for people to plan to travel, and so forth.

And, likewise, if we were still in trial as of around the Christmas holiday, we would have the same situation. I don't know what day of the week the Christmas holiday is on.

Anyway, but -- the Christmas Eve holiday, the day of Christmas, the year-end holidays and any others that we need to address.

So I need to get to that point. But I think the one impediment, at this point, is really the question about the draw; from where to draw.

The plan -- the jury plan -- I was just told

Christmas is a Sunday. So maybe we would add a third day to

that weekend, the following Monday, since Christmas Eve is a

Saturday. Heaven forbid that we're still doing this by then.

You know, I'm hoping the case can reasonably be resolved by

then. But all I can do is hope at this point.

The jury plan adopted in this district calls for the jury to be drawn from the Portland division because that's where the case was indicted.

The letter response suggested that the jury be drawn proportionately from the other divisions as well. So not just the Portland division, but presumably, Mr. Federico, you were talking about the Eugene division and the Pendleton division but in a proportional random way. Was that right?

MR. FEDERICO: Yes, your Honor. Well, what I would like to do is -- I think the only issue from the letter that is

time sensitive, as the Court just acknowledged, is where the jury -- the initial summons are issued. And so I am prepared to speak on that.

Subsequent to the issuance of the letter on April 27th, I also had a chance to speak with Ms. Glover and Mr. Minetto. And I appreciate their assistance in informing me and others on how this process really works. Because we had read the jury management plan. Hearing the logistical side from their end is very helpful.

Also, I tried in the letter to identify for the Court generally areas in which I could represent that there was basically unanimity amongst the defendants and areas where there were not. And I think I can say with confidence that the defendants in this case do all desire that the jury pool be beyond the Portland division.

And subsequent to providing the letter, I think there is also now a consensus that we would ask the Court consider that the jury summons be first issued exclusively to the Pendleton division, as the -- all the alleged events occurred in Harney County. And, again, my understanding is the only reason this case was brought to the Portland division was for the logistics, the potential size of the trial.

THE COURT: The grand jury never sits in the Pendleton division. It's never happened in the District of Oregon. Grand juries sit in the Portland and the Eugene

division.

MR. FEDERICO: Your Honor -- and so -- but there would be -- from my understanding from Ms. Glover, first of all, I don't think there's a legal impediment to issuing summonses to another division. At least I'm not aware of any legal authority to the contrary.

And, logistically, there's no impediment, either. So the only impediment is expense. And that's because --

The summonses have to be -- the summonses are sent to

THE COURT: Well, it's more than that.

jurors who are randomly selected from a qualified wheel.

Presently, the qualified wheel in the Portland division is just shy of 17,000. And for the Pendleton division is less than a thousand. There aren't even enough qualified jurors to potentially summons.

So it could not only be the Pendleton division, in any event. There just isn't any way we could collect jurors sufficient to try even the most routine case that way.

MR. FEDERICO: Your Honor, I may have misunderstood Ms. Glover. I thought she told me there were 2500 from the Pendleton division, from the master, who would have been qualified. But --

THE COURT: We can't exhaust one list for one trial.

That's part of the entire plan is a proportionate -
now, I'm willing to consider the idea of a proportionate draw

from all the divisions if there's a reason to do that. The argument that somehow the defendants are prejudiced because jurors from the Portland division are biased against them is, I think, totally speculative.

DEFENDANT RYAN BUNDY: (Standing.)

THE COURT: Please have a seat. Wait your turn.

DEFENDANT RYAN BUNDY: (Complying.)

THE COURT: I have done this work a long time. Been a trial judge here in this court since 1999. The argument that the jurors from the Portland division are liberal belies the fact that they come from the entire quadrant of the upper -- upper northwest of the state of Oregon. This is not a Multnomah County pool.

Any lawyer who's tried a case in this courthouse and in the one across the street repeatedly reacts that the jurors here are far more conservative, drawn from the Portland division.

Again, this notion that there is bias is a risk that I think is a balanced risk. Balanced of a risk of bias against the Government for the very arguments you all are working hard to develop. That this was not a proper decision to prosecute. It is not a case that should have been brought. Those arguments, I think, are as fairly considered here as elsewhere.

But my point is simply it's presumptuous to suggest that the Portland division draw would present a jury panel

that's biased toward the Government because, frankly, I've never seen that. Never.

It's a far more conservative crowd on the -- on the points you've been arguing, and on Mr. Bundy's motion itself about this notion that somehow the Government has an advantage here.

But that said, the real question is from where to draw, and that is a legal question.

If -- since your position is only reflected in a letter to me in response to a draft that I sent to you, I think it would be appropriate for there to be a formal brief filed on the question. And it could be both sides filing a joint brief, just to state the position.

I know Mr. Ryan Bundy wants to address this too, so I want to be sure his position is included in it.

For your part, Mr. Federico, how long do you think it would take to submit a joint brief on -- from where to draw the jurors for the first summonsing?

MR. FEDERICO: Your Honor, if I could have until a week from today or next Wednesday, which is the same day we're submitting the proposal for arguments, I think that would be sufficient.

THE COURT: Okay. And you'll include Mr. Ryan Bundy?

MR. FEDERICO: I absolutely will, yes.

THE COURT: All right. And you wanted to say, sir?

matter necessarily whether -- that we consider there's a prejudice or not one way or the other. It's the supremacy of the law, which as the Constitution states in Article VI of the -- of the amendments that -- that an impartial jury of the state in the district wherein the crime shall have been committed, which district shall have been previously ascertained -- in other words, the accused shall enjoy the right of a speedy and public trial by the impartial jury of the state and district wherein the crime shall have been committed.

THE COURT: It's alleged in the Indictment, sir, that you committed a crime in the District of Oregon. This is a courthouse in the District of Oregon, and quite literally consistent with the provision you just read.

DEFENDANT RYAN BUNDY: Okay. But does not that district -- you said there's subdivisions of that district or that district that we're talking about -- Pendleton or of Portland, et cetera --

THE COURT: There's a jury plan. I think you've seen it. There were citations to it in the motion you filed.

The jury plan talks about divisions for purposes of how to allocate the work.

DEFENDANT RYAN BUNDY: Okay.

THE COURT: As I say, I want to hear -- I want to see it in writing, so that I have everybody's arguments in one

place. I'll make a decision because that's the first one that has to get made, so that we can then also have the next step being the preparation of these initial summonses.

My -- and my intention in the first presentation was not to name the case; simply to summons the jurors to a criminal case to start on September 7th, to last an undetermined number of weeks. I haven't yet figured out how to say that, to have them go through the other disqualification information provided, whether they're no longer a resident of the state of Oregon, they're over 70 and they get to choose out, or they're exempt because they're a member of the military; whatever, to go through that process.

But if you have arguments besides the one you want to make or if you want to reiterate that argument, Mr. Federico will work with you and Ms. Ludwig to be sure they're in the submission.

DEFENDANT RYAN BUNDY: We'll get them in there. Thank you, your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. So what I do want, then, is a single joint submission on the place from whence the trial jurors should be drawn.

I understand you'll make constitutional arguments. I do want an analysis of the jury plan that is the guiding standard here in Oregon. And to the extent there's case law -- I know, Mr. Bundy, your motion addressed some of those issues

So the work's started. And I'll do my best with what 1 already. 2 you give me. 3 So that will be due next Wednesday. All right? Is there anything else -- yes, Ms. Baggio. 4 5 MS. BAGGIO: Your Honor, with regard to your April 6 21st message by e-mail, the Court talked about a proposed 7 message to prospective jurors and a proposed first 8 questionnaire. 9 I just wanted to make sure that we're clear, the 10 Court isn't waiting on us to provide those drafts? Is that --11 THE COURT: No. I might ask for somebody to do it, 12 but I'm going to try to help and do it myself first. 13 MS. BAGGIO: Thank you. 14 THE COURT: Yes, Mr. Kohlmetz. 15 MR. KOHLMETZ: Your Honor, Mr. Patrick has asked me 16 to raise an issue with the Court and --17 THE COURT: Speak up, please, or turn on the mic. 18 MR. KOHLMETZ: I apologize. 19 Mr. Patrick has asked me to raise an issue with the 20 Court, and he does want to address the Court personally. 21 Let me frame the issue for him. 22 After the status -- last status conference, as he was 23 being removed from the courtroom and transported back into 24 custody, Mr. Patrick reported to me that he had been threatened 25 and physically accosted by a member of the U.S. Marshals

Service and that threats were made to him regarding his family. He has been making efforts to determine the identity of the particular marshal but has been rebuffed.

And he asked that I stand, announce that, and ask that he be able to address the Court briefly.

THE COURT: Mr. Patrick.

DEFENDANT PATRICK: Your Honor, when I left -- when I left court last time and went down in the elevator, I was singled out by one of the U.S. marshals, from the rest of my co-defendants. It was the first time that that had happened.

And he made comments to my mother would be harmed.

And after -- and I was very upset by it. And I immediately went in with the rest of my co-defendants, as has happened every other time. And they asked what had happened. And I said that he just basically threatened my mother. And I was instantly removed from the co-defendants and cursed at, and -- and things of that nature.

When I got back to my stall, I called a close personal friend because I was in very bad shape. My -- my -- my mom was widowed when she was 12 years old -- when I was 12 years old. She's never remarried. And she's a senior citizen.

And so I was very frustrated and not doing well with that. I then later -- I don't know if it was the next day or that day -- called my mother. And she advised that the Marshals Service had made physical contact with her in the

courtroom and asked who she was. And that marshal didn't identify to her either.

I was then advised that the Marshals Service followed multiple people from the -- the gallery, out to their vehicles, or things of that nature. And -- and they felt intimidated. So besides the threat to my mother, it appears there's some intent to keep people intimidated from even showing up to the courtroom.

But my personal issue is my mother. It's given me anxiety in -- where I -- where I stay. I've tried to report it. I -- I asked for the identification of the marshal that pointed it out, and everybody stonewalled me.

I saw the same marshal today in the courtroom -in -- in transport. I was going to try to identify him in the
courtroom, but he is not present in the courtroom. None of the
marshals wear any identification of any kind. And so these -you can't determine who's who or what's what.

When I went back to my cell, I reported it to the county. Said, Hey, listen, there's threats being made. Hoping some of you would address it.

I don't know who to contact when threats are being made. I'm just stuck in limbo with -- you know, intimidation and threats is what's being claimed. And they're being perpetrated in this direction, but there's no recourse.

THE COURT: Mr. Patrick, I've never had a complaint

like that made. I don't know quite how to react. So I'm going to bring the issue to the attention of the United States

Marshal.

And I'll be sure -- I'll have your comments transcribed, and I'll address it to the United States Marshal, himself, the head marshal.

DEFENDANT PATRICK: Okay. Well --

THE COURT: I don't know what else to do.

DEFENDANT PATRICK: All right.

THE COURT: Mr. Bundy, did you want to say something?

DEFENDANT RYAN BUNDY: I just -- I just wanted to say that I did witness him being separated the first time and also the second time. What was said during those points of separation, I do not know.

THE COURT: There are appropriate reasons for people to be separated, and it's not the Court's role to manage how the marshal does his job, which is a difficult job, through many court security officers and sworn marshals, to ensure that we have this process today; a place where we can all be in one room, and quite civilly. I appreciate everyone's participation today to get through things.

So, Mr. Patrick, that's what I'll do. I'll get your remarks transcribed. I'll ensure that they get to the marshal himself.

MR. KOHLMETZ: Your Honor, and if it's of any help, I

would be perfectly happy to receive any communication, if anything else is necessary.

THE COURT: All right. All right. Thank you very much.

Mr. Arnold.

MR. ARNOLD: Your Honor, I just wanted to -- as an officer of the court -- let you know that I saw marshals purportedly following. I just assumed it was because there was outstanding fugitives, that they were just following people. But I was speaking to a witness outside of Starbucks, and a gentleman in the room sat, you know, quietly around the corner and didn't interfere with my conversation, and purportedly followed the individuals on to their next encounter. And then --

THE COURT: Mr. Arnold, you well know that there is security on the perimeter of the building. The marshals have many obligations to do; not only to protect everyone here, the judiciary. Many of us have already received numerous threats in the pendency of the case. So how they do their job is for them to do.

MR. ARNOLD: Well, I'm not complaining. I just wanted for the record to let you know that I've witnessed that. And it was, you know, kind of out -- out of the way and just seemed to be part of normal routine.

THE COURT: All right. It appears we've concluded

the public agenda. 1 2 Let me ask if there is a need to have an ex parte 3 agenda, or not. Does any counsel have a need to raise that? 4 5 If not, I'll just call -- call it for today. MS. BAGGIO: Your Honor, I don't believe we do need 6 7 to have an ex parte agenda. The defendants have requested if we could have a moment before the --8 9 THE COURT: Oh, the -- the defendants as a team 10 can --11 MS. BAGGIO: Yes. 12 THE COURT: Yes, you can do that. 13 MS. BAGGIO: Thank you. 14 THE COURT: All right. So --15 MR. BAKKER: Your Honor, just --16 I'm sorry. Yes? THE COURT: 17 MR. BAKKER: On behalf of Mr. Anderson, he has a one 18 o'clock hearing with Judge Jones, so I just wanted to make 19 sure --20 It's 11:20. Pretty good timing. THE COURT: Right. 21 So what I understand Ms. Baggio is asking for is the 22 Government lawyers to leave, the spectators to leave, and 23 defense counsel and defendants to have a short time to meet, 24 among yourselves, for case management purposes; but not for

25

very long. Right?

MS. BAGGIO: Yes. Thank you. 1 2 THE COURT: Ten minutes? 3 MS. BAGGIO: Yes, ma'am. THE COURT: All right. So if all of the spectators, 4 please, would leave the room; Government's lawyers please leave 5 the room. 6 7 As soon as -- soon as court staff is finished with 8 their duties, please leave the room. And then the room is in the hands of the United States Marshals. And we're in recess. 9 10 (Conclusion of proceedings.) 11 12 --000--13 14 I certify, by signing below, that the foregoing is a correct 15 stenographic transcript of the oral proceedings had in the 16 above-entitled matter this 16th day of June, 2016. A 17 transcript without an original signature or conformed signature 18 is not certified. I further certify that the transcript fees and format comply with those prescribed by the Court and the 19 20 Judicial Conference of the United States. 21 /S/ Amanda M. LeGore 22 23 AMANDA M. LeGORE, CSR, RDR, CRR, FCRR, CE CSR No. 15-0433 EXP: 3-31-2018 24

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